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## NATAL DAILY NEWS

Moral ~~rearmament~~ plea**9,000 DELEGATES TRY  
TO FIND ANSWER TO  
RED CHALLENGE****By a Special Correspondent**

THE Korean War has posed three urgent questions to the democratic world which military victory alone will not answer. They are: How can we protect ourselves against this new type of warfare—a war which is fought with propaganda, strikes and sabotage as well as with guns, and which is liable to break out without warning almost anywhere in the world; how can we break the grip of Communist ideas on the minds of the millions and replace those ideas with something better; and how can the West win the co-operation and trust of the peoples of the East?

To find the answer to these three questions, the Moral Rearmament Assembly was recently held at Caux, Switzerland. The fifth such gathering to be held in Europe since the war, it was attended this year by 9,000 representatives from 70 nations. The South African representatives included Mr. J. F. T. Naude, Minister of Posts and Telegraphs; Dr. Henry Gluckman, M.P., Minister of Health in the Smuts Cabinet; and a Parliamentary group representing the three major parties in the House of Assembly.

Taking part in a special industrial conference at the Assembly was a management-labour group from the gold mines, including the President, Vice-president and Organising Secretary of the South African Mine Workers' Union.

The purpose of the Assembly was "to find the missing key to the problems of the ideological age in which we live."

**OFFICERS MEET**

At this moment when political conferences on the security of Western Europe threaten to break down on the old rock of Franco-German suspicion, French, German and British senior officers who had fought against one another, met at the Assembly for the first time since the war. An atmosphere of trust was created in which plans and training went forward.

"Moral Rearmament gives us hope," said Major-General Henri de Vernejoul, commander of France's Fifth Armoured Division in the war, "because it alone provides a philosophy, a passion and a plan adequate to turn the tide of materialism. It is a vital arm in the ideological battle of to-day."

The London Times report on the Caux Assembly carried the headline, "Marxist Ideology — Moral Rearmament as an Alternative." More than 2,000 Marxist-trained workers' leaders have been to

Caux—among them the heads of labour organisations representing 40 million men in 35 countries.

Delegates from 15 Far Eastern countries, including Korea itself, and Japan, attended. Among them were the mayors of the atom-bombed cities of Hiroshima and Nagasaki.